

Maths

- See if you can solve the addition and subtraction rainforest themed word problems on *slide 5*.
- Practice counting in [2s](#), [5s](#) and [10s](#) using the songs and using [Time's Tables Rockstars](#). Look at the rainforest themed counting in multiples activity on *slide 5*. Solve the calculations and write the answers in your workbook.
- Create a map for monkey to find his mum (from the [story](#) Monkey Puzzle). Write instructions on how to follow the map using directional language such as left, right, forwards and backwards. Watch the following [video](#) to help you.
- Look at the butterfly wings on *slide 5*. Butterfly wings are symmetrical meaning the pattern is the same on both sides. Draw your own butterflies, making sure their wings are symmetrical. Watch the following [clip](#) to learn more about symmetry.



P.S.H.E

Think about how monkey feels in the [story](#) Monkey Puzzle. There are lots of ways we can make ourselves feel better if we are feeling lonely or upset. Write a letter to monkey explaining all the things you enjoy doing to make you happy, such as reading a book, riding your bike, baking or singing along to your favourite music.



Year 1

Home Learning Project

Week Beginning: 01.06.2020

Theme: Rainforest

Geography

There are many rainforests around the world. The most famous include: The Amazon Rainforest in South America, The Congo Rainforest in Africa and the Daintree Rainforest in Australia. Use the world map on *slide 2* to match the rainforests to their [Continents](#). Visit the following [website](#) to find out more about rainforests around the world.



Science

Watch the following [video](#) on animal classification. Animals can be classified as: mammals, insects, reptiles, amphibians, fish or birds. Look at the rainforest animals on *slide 4*. Can you figure out which category they belong to? Write sentences for each animal to show your understanding.



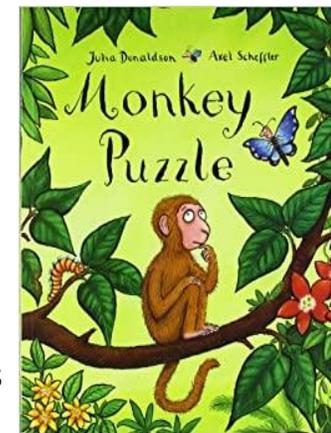
Art and Design

Look at the paintings by Henri Rousseau on *slide 6*. Can you create your own piece of artwork based on the paintings?



English

- Listen to the [story](#) Monkey Puzzle by Julia Donaldson.
- Listen to the following [song](#) about a monkey, to help you learn about prepositions of place. Write your own sentences using prepositions to show where each animal is in the rainforest. See *Slide 3*.
 - Can you spot the rhyming patterns in the story? Make a list in your workbook of all the rhyming words you can spot.
 - Look at the riddles on *slide 3*. Match the riddles to the animals. Choose an animal from the story. Make up your own clues for a family member to help them identify the animal you are thinking of.



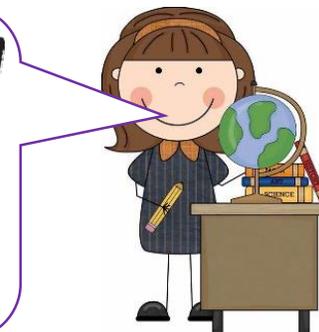
Computing

Use [Google Earth](#) to locate and explore the world's rainforests. See *slide 2* for more information.

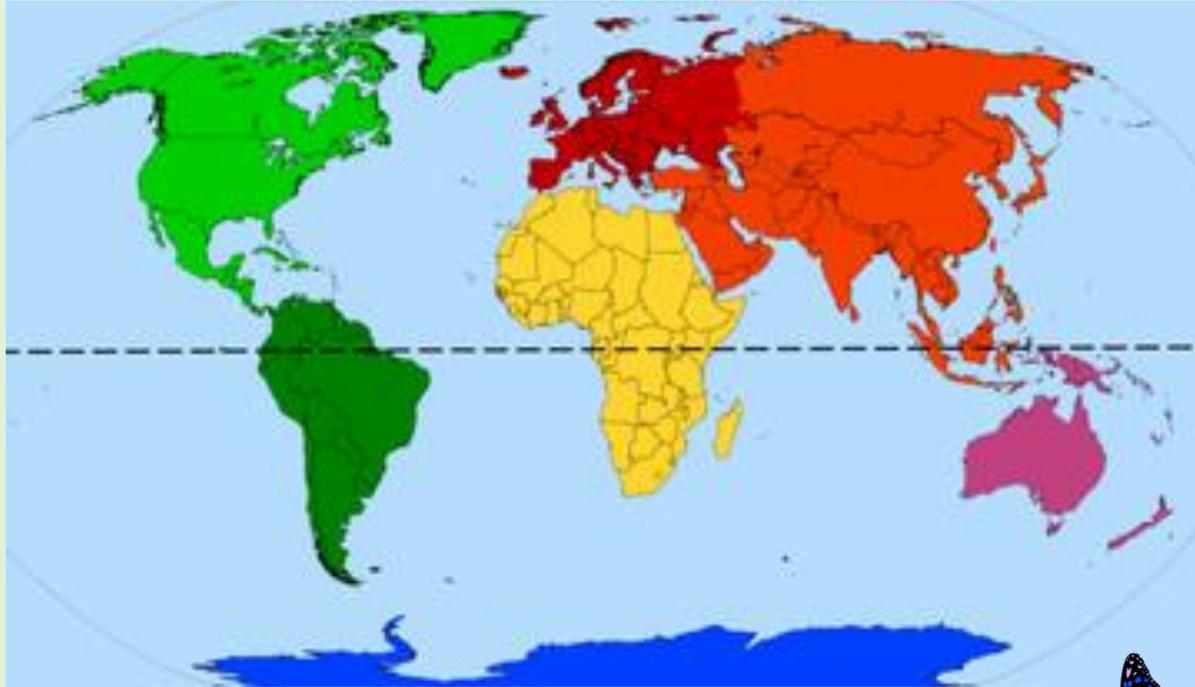


P.E.

Dance along to the [Rainforest Explorer](#) song. See if you can make up your own dance too!



Geography
Listen to the [Continents Song](#)



Y1 Additional Resources
Slide 2
Week Beginning: 01.06.20
Theme: **Rainforests**

Geography activity - Find the following rainforests on the world map using your knowledge of continents.

Rainforest	Continent
The Amazon Rainforest	South America
Congo Rainforest	Africa
Daintree Rainforest	Australia
The Malaysian Rainforest	Asia

Fun fact - Did you know that the Amazon Rainforest is the largest tropical rainforest in the world?



Fun fact - Did you know that the Amazon River, which runs through the Amazon Rainforest, is the longest river in the world?

Computing - Use [Google Earth](#) to locate the rainforests too!

Music - Listen to the rainforest instrumental [sounds](#).



English

Prepositions of place

Prepositions



A preposition is a word that tells us where something is.

Above
Below
Against
Between
Opposite
Upon
Next
Beneath
Beside

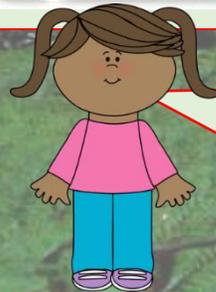
Behind
In Front
Near
Far
In
Out
High
Low

Through
Around
Inside
Outside
Onto
Off
On
Under
Over

Examples:

The colourful parrot is on the leafy branch.

The blue butterfly is flying over the tall trees.



Try to use adjectives to describe your animals too!



Y1 Additional Resources - Slide 3

Week Beginning: 01.06.20

Theme: Rainforests

English

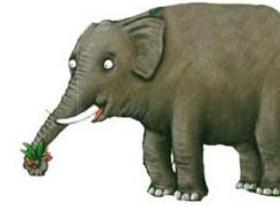
Match the riddle to the animal. Make up and write down your own clues when you finish for a family member to solve.

I am a big grey mammal.
I've got two tusks and a trunk.
I've got thick baggy knees.
Who am I?



I slither about and hiss.
I curl round a nest of eggs.
I have no legs.
Who am I?

I'm black and hairy.
I've got eight legs.
I love flies for dinner.
Who am I?



I've got a beak, not a nose.
I've got claws and feathery wings.
I live high in the treetops.
Who am I?

I'm green and I croak.
I'm slimy.
I'm not nice to cuddle.
Who am I?



I sleep the whole day long.
I'm small and furry.
I've got wings.
Who am I?

[Monkey Puzzle](#)

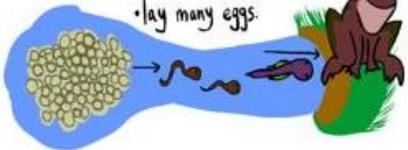
By Julia Donaldson



Y1 Additional Resources - Slide 4
 Week Beginning: 01.06.20
 Theme: Rainforest

AMPHIBIANS

- live on land & in water.
- webbed feet
- breathe with lungs & gills.
- Cold-blooded.
- moist smooth skin, (no hair or fur)
- 4 legs (sometimes none)
- lay many eggs.



REPTILES

- have scales, not fur.
- have dry skin.
- usually lay eggs, sometimes live young
- ear holes instead of ears.
- 4 legs or no legs
- Cold-blooded.



FISH

- breathe underwater, using gills, not lungs.
- live in water
- have scales and fins. (no hair or fur)
- Cold-blooded.
- lay MANY eggs.



Science

Rainforest Animals



BIRDS

- have feathers & wings →
- lay eggs
- have 2 legs
- ear holes instead of ears.
- Warm-blooded



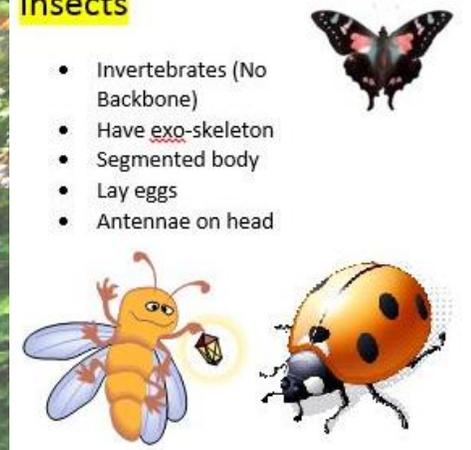
MAMMALS

- have hair or fur
- give birth to live young
- mammal mothers nurse their young with milk.
- have lungs and need air to breathe.
- mammals that live on land have 4 legs, and ears that stick out.
- Warm-blooded



Insects

- Invertebrates (No Backbone)
- Have exo-skeleton
- Segmented body
- Lay eggs
- Antennae on head



Listen to the following [Song](#) to help you classify animals.



Write sentences in your workbook for each animal. For example: The toucan is a bird because it has feathers, wings and lays eggs.

Maths

Word Problems – Addition and Subtraction

A monkey collects 20 bananas but drops 7 of them.
How many does he have now?

12 tigers walk through the rainforest. They join
another group of 5. How many are there now?

14 monkeys swing through the trees, but 6 of them
stop to have a rest. How many are still swinging?

11 frogs jump into the water. 3 swim away. How
many are left?



Write as calculations in your work
book for example: $15 - 7 = 8$.

Challenge - Have a go at making up your own
rainforest themed word problems when you finish.

Maths Butterfly symmetry



Y1 Additional Resources - Slide 5

Week Beginning: 01.06.20

Theme: **Rainforest**

Maths

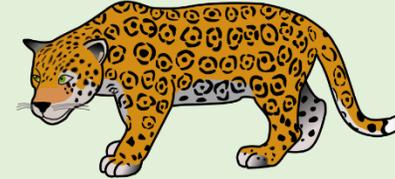
Counting in 2s, 5s and 10s



=2



=5



=10

Each of the animals equals a number. Use the key above to solve the following multiplication calculations counting in 2s, 5s or 10s. Write them as calculations in your workbook e.g. $5 \times 2 = 10$.

$$5 \times \text{parrot} =$$

$$9 \times \text{monkey} =$$

$$1 \times \text{leopard} =$$

$$3 \times \text{parrot} =$$

$$7 \times \text{monkey} =$$

$$10 \times \text{leopard} =$$

$$4 \times \text{parrot} =$$

$$2 \times \text{monkey} =$$

$$8 \times \text{leopard} =$$

$$8 \times \text{parrot} =$$

$$0 \times \text{monkey} =$$

$$6 \times \text{leopard} =$$



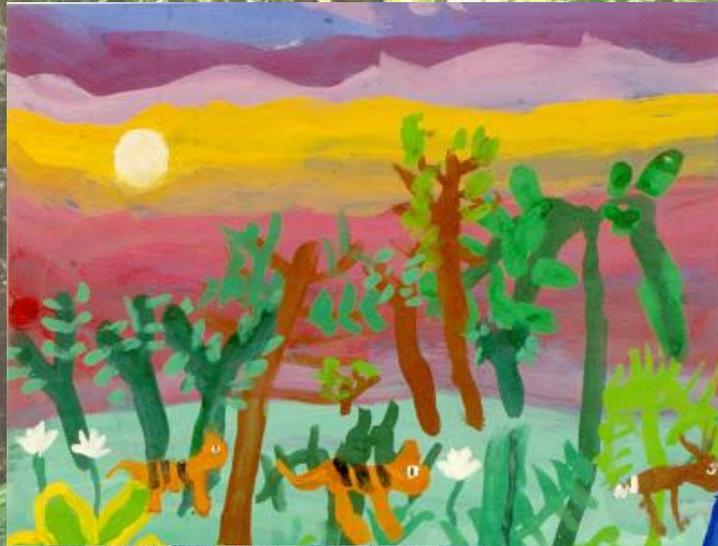
Art and Design
Henri Rousseau's Artwork



Y1 Additional Resources - Slide 6

Week Beginning: 01.06.20

Theme: **Rainforest**



Create a rainforest or jungle themed piece of artwork based on Henri Rousseau's artwork. Here are a few pictures for inspiration.

